Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 8: 6 Times Table and Division Facts

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 4: (4N1) Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000

Mathematics Year 4: (4C6a) Recall multiplication division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12

Mathematics Year 4: (4c6b) <u>Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers</u>

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain if a statement is correct using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12 x 6 to derive division facts. Also includes multiplying by 10. Pictorial support included. Expected Explain if a statement is correct using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12 x 6 to derive division facts. Also includes multiplying by 10 and 100.

Greater Depth Explain if a statement is correct using known facts of the 6 times table up to

12 x 6 to derive division facts. Also includes using non-standard multiples, such as 24 x 6 (12 x 6 x 2) and some two-step problems.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Reasoning)

Developing Prove how many groups are needed using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12×6 . Also includes multiplying by 10. Pictorial support included.

Expected Prove how many groups are needed using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12 x 6. Also includes multiplying by 10 and 100.

Greater Depth Prove how many groups are needed using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12×6 to derive division facts. Also includes using non-standard multiples, such as 24 $\times 6$ ($12 \times 6 \times 2$) and some two-step problems.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Problem Solving)

Developing Use clues to match numbers to statements using known facts of the δ times table up to 12 x δ . Also includes multiplying by 10. Pictorial support included.

Expected Use clues to match numbers to statements using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12×6 . Also includes multiplying by 10 and 100.

Greater Depth Use clues to match numbers to statements using known facts of the 6 times table up to 12×6 to derive division facts. Also includes using non-standard multiples, such as 24×6 ($12 \times 6 \times 2$) and some two-step problems.

More Year 4 Multiplication and Division resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to <u>review</u> it on our website.

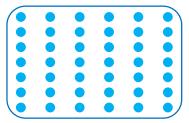


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6 Times Table and Division Facts

6 Times Table and Division Facts

1a. Jamal uses the image below to help him calculate 42 ÷ 6.



He says,



42 ÷ 6 = 6 because there are six columns.

Is Jamal correct? Explain your answer.



2a. Betty needs 62 pencils for her art club. Pencils are sold in packs of 6.



Betty buys ten packs of six pencils.

Has she bought enough pencils for her club? Prove it.



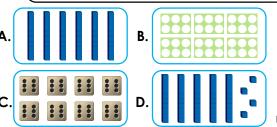
3a. Match the children to the correct representations of multiples of 6.



My number is greater than 24 but less than 6 x 8.



My number is less than 60 but greater than 40. It has a digit sum of 9.



1b. Amanda uses the image below to help her calculate $30 \div 6$.



She says,

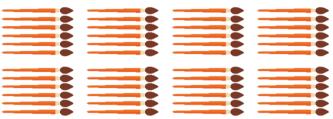


30 ÷ 6 = 5 because there are 6 groups of 5.

Is Amanda correct? Explain your answer.



2b. Ruby needs 51 paintbrushes for her craft workshop. Paintbrushes are sold in packs of 6.



Ruby buys eight packs of paintbrushes.

Has she bought enough paintbrushes for her workshop? Prove it.



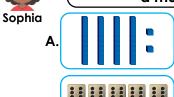
3b. Match the children to the correct representations of multiples of 6.



My number is less than 50 but more than 30. It has a digit sum of 6.



My number is greater than 6 x 8 but less than 6 x 12. My number is also a multiple of 10.











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4a. Alfie is calculating 660 ÷ 60. 4b. Wendy is calculating 240 ÷ 60. He says, She says, 24 divided by 6 equals 4, so Six lots of 60 make 660. 240 divided by 60 equals 4. Is Alfie correct? Explain your answer. Is Wendy correct? Explain your answer. 5a. Ivan needs 240 football stickers to fill 5b. Kelly needs 360 stamps to complete her collection. Stamps are sold in packs his magazine. Stickers are sold in packs of 60. of 60. The shop only has 3 packs of stickers. The shop has 7 packs of stamps. Ivan buys all the packs of stickers Kelly buys all the packs available at the available at the shop. shop. Has he bought enough stickers to fill his Has she bought enough stamps to magazine? Prove it. complete her collection? Prove it. 6a. Match the children to the correct 6b. Match the children to the correct multiples of 6. multiples of 6. My number is greater than 60×3 My number is greater than 70×6 and has a digit sum of 9. but less than 420. Rafael Azra My number is greater than 3 x 60 My number is equal to 6×20 . and has a digit sum of 3. James Kaleb My number is 180 less than Azra's My number is 120 less than number. Rafael's. Chloe



360

540

180

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240

300

360

150

120

<u>6 Times Table and Division Facts</u>

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7a. Sean is calculating $3 \times 6 \times 9$.

He says,



 $3 \times 6 = 18.18 \times 10 = 180.$ 180 - 18 = 162.

7b. Anya is calculating $3 \times 2 \times 12$.

She says,



 $3 \times 2 = 6.6 \times 10 = 60.$ $6 \times 2 = 12$. 60 - 12 = 48.

Is Sean correct? Explain your answer.

8a. Milly and David need to save £290 altogether before they go on holiday.

8b. Rachael and Elliot have a target of raising £385 altogether for their charity.

Is Anya correct? Explain your answer.

Milly saves £6 each week. David's weekly savings are four times more than Milly's. There are 10 weeks until they go away.

Rachael collects £60 each week. Elliot only collects half of Rachael's collection each week. They spend 5 weeks collecting sponsors.

Have they saved enough money? Prove iŧ.

Have they reached their target? Prove it.



9a. Match the children to the correct multiples of 6.



My number is less than $9 \times 6 \times 5$ but more than $30 \times 2 \times 3$.



My number is greater than 60 lots of 6 and has a digit sum of $36 \div 6$.



My number is greater than $6 \times 6 \times$ 10 but less than 60 x 3 x 3. It has a digit sum of 3 x 4.



420

240

480

120

9b. Match the children to the correct multiples of 6.



My number has a digit sum of 3×3 . It is also equal to $60 \times 3 \times 3$.



My number is 60 lots of 3 less than Hania's number. It has the same digit sum as Hania.



My number is greater than $6 \times 3 \times$ 10. It has a digit sum of $6 \div 2$.



360 540 120

300



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<u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>6 Times Table and Division Facts</u>

Reasoning and Problem Solving 6 Times Table and Division Facts

Developing

1a. No, Jamal is incorrect because $42 \div 6$ = 7 not 6. There are 7 lots of 6 groups.

2a. No, Betty has not bought enough pencils, because $10 \times 6 = 60$ pencils so she needs 2 more pencils.

3a. Ava - B; Rex - D

Expected

4a. No, Alfie is incorrect because 6 lots of 60 = 360. 11 lots of 60 = 660.

5a. No, Ivan has not bought enough stickers because $60 \times 3 = 180$. He needs 1 more packet.

6a. Ana – 540; Kaleb – 120; Mia – 360

Greater Depth

7a. Sean is correct because $3 \times 6 \times 9 = 162$. His calculation is correct and he has shown an efficient method of multiplying by 9 in multiplying by 10 and then subtracting 18.

8a. Yes, they have saved enough money because $6 \times 10 = £60$. $60 \times 4 = £240$. 240 + 60 = £300. £300 > £290.

9a. Owen = 240; Peter: 420; Jade: 480

<u>Developing</u>

1b. Yes, Amanda is correct because 30 ÷6 = 5 and there are 6 groups of 5.

2b. No, Ruby has not bought enough pencils because $8 \times 6 = 48$ so she needs 3 more pencils.

3b. Nathan – A; Sophia – C

Expected

4b. Wendy is correct. She has used related facts to work out the answer.

5b. Yes, Kelly has bought enough packets of stickers because 60 x 7 = 420. She has more than enough stamps.

6b. Rafael – 360; James – 300; Chloe – 240

Greater Depth

7b. Anya is incorrect because $3 \times 2 = 6$. $6 \times 12 = 72$. She should have added her totals together, rather than subtracting. 8b. Yes, they have reached their target because $60 \times 5 = £300$. $£300 \div 2 = £150$. 300 + 150 = £450.

9b. Hania: 540; Scarlett: 360; Joseph: 300

