KS1 Home/School Weekly Learning Timetable

Term 4: Week 2 beginning Monday 1st March 2020

Scented Garden

This week's core text:

Please follow the links on the KS1 website page for daily lesson inputs and learning resources.



KS1 Teachers Live Learning Sessions (TELLS): 9:00am & 12:30am Monday to Thursday

Teachers will lead learning time in the Microsoft KS1 Team during these sessions.

Live session on Teams If you have any problems with technology or internet access please phone the school office on 01622-754666, and we will do our best to help you resolve these.							
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday			
Wake up Shake up	Wake up	Wake up Shake up	Wake up Shake up	Wake up Shake up			
English LI: To retell a story I can retell a story in my own words I can use adverbials to sequence events. I can punctuate my writing to show different sentence types. Intro: Conjunctions Input: Use Story maps to retell the story to a partner. Shared writing with an adult of the introduction to the story Task: Retell the story of Jim and the Beanstalk in your own words. Resources to support remote learning: Sentence starters PowerPoint video	English LI: To retell a story I can retell a story in my own words I can use adverbials to sequence events. I can punctuate my writing to show different sentence types. Intro: Sentence types Input: Read what you have written in your retell of the story so far to a partner. Shared writing with an adult of the conclusion of the story Task: Continue to work on your retell the story of Jim and the Beanstalk in your own words. English LI: To retell a story Resources to support remote learning: Sentence Types PowerPoint	English LI: To plan sections of a narrative sequence based on a known story I can innovate familiar story I can change the elements of a known story to write a sequel Intro: Co-ordinating conjunctions Input: Brainstorm things that the giant might need next, e.g. a walking stick, a hearing aid, a razor and create a class character Task: Innovate retells to create a new character and a new set of events that happen during the story Esquision Intervet Sequence seque	CLASSICS AS COMICS Charase a traditumal tale and rewrite it as a comic. Pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake baker's man Bake me a cake as fast as you can! Bake a cake to represent your favourite.	Charase a. character from a. traditional tale and design a bedroom for them. DEONDAY! Listen to the character description, on your class page and draw the character your backer is describing. Show Your Week :: Stories that make you LOL Week :: Stories that make you COL			
DfE Letters and Sounds Phonics: Phase 5 Lesson 36- DfE Spelling: alternative spelling for 'ar'. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G5zmCv h-L70	DfE Letters and Sounds Phonics: Phase 5 Lesson 37 - DfE Spelling: alternative spellings for 'air'. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KxfrXA45uek https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MiQYPO7Y4y Mhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MiQYPO7Y4 vM	DfE Letters and Sounds Phonics: Phase 5 Lesson 38 - DfE Spelling: alternative spellings for the 'or' sound.	DfE Letters and Sounds Phonics: Phase 5 Lesson 39 - DfE Spelling: alternative spellings for the 's' sound. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zVbLPt1caQI	DfE Letters and Sounds Phonics: Phase 5 Lesson 40 - DfE Spelling: The alternative spellings for 'ear'. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aB2701p8Xt M			
Year 1 Maths LI: To compare length Knowledge & skills • compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short,	Year 1 Maths LI: To compare height Knowledge & Skills • compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short,	Year 1 Maths LI: Compare length and height Knowledge & Skills Children use and understand the language of length such as long, longer, short, shorter, tall, taller. They recognise this language will change depending on what type of length they are describing and comparing. Children understand that height is a type of length. They should also be exposed to lengths that are equal to one another.	as cubes, hands and straws to measure length and height. Ensure children	important that children know to measure from 0 cm.			

Intro: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X 97AO2SkGU Input: Look around the room, find varying objects of different lengths. The _ is longer than_ but shorter than_ Task: Provide thin card, that is long and narrow, for children to fold in different ways to make creatures that vary in length. Linking cubes, pipe cleaners etc. could also be used. Make worms, snakes, caterpillars, lizards etc. Year 2 Maths	Intro: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vv1lQ1614KQht Input: Find pictures of animals either in books or on the internet. Describe and compare the heights of each animal. The _ is taller than the _ but shorter than the _ Task: Compare animal and object heights and make statements about them. Year 2 Maths	Intro: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rylxBrO1bJY Input: Which person is taller/shorter? Which pencil is shorter/longer? Are we measuring the height or length of something? What is the same? What is different? How many different sentences can you make to compare the vehicles? Say them to your partner. Task: Compare different objects and use mathematical language of longer, shorter, taller than, shorter than Year 2 Maths	your classroom? Why is it important to measure in a straight line? Task: Use cubes or other objects of the same size to measure the length of objects.	Intro: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ypVQDZL18SQ Input: What do the numbers on the ruler mean? (1 cm etc.) Where should we place the object to start measuring it? Does the ruler look like anything else we have used? (number line) Can you count how many cm the measures? How does using a ruler help us to compare objects? Task: Using a ruler measure items with accuracy. Year 2 Maths
LI: Count faces on 3-D shapes Knowledge & Skills • identify the shapes of faces on 3-D shapes. • identify and visualise 3-D shapes from 2-D representations.	LI: Count edges on 3-D shapes Knowledge & Skills identify edges on 3-D shapes using knowledge of faces and curved surfaces know that an edge is where 2 faces meet or where a face and a curved surface meet. identify and visualise the 3-D shape from a 2-D representation Warm up:	LI: Count vertices on 3-D shapes Knowledge & Skills identify vertices on 3-D shapes using knowledge of edges understand that a vertex is where 2 or more edges meet know that the point at the top of a cone can be referred to as an apex or a vertex. Warm up:	LI: Sort 3-D shapes Knowledge & Skills match real life objects to 3-D shapes sort 3-D shapes in different ways e.g. faces, shapes of faces, vertices, if they roll, if they stack, etc. use knowledge of shape properties to sort. Warm up:	LI: Make patterns with 3-D shapes Knowledge & Skills use knowledge of the properties of 3-D shapes to create patterns. place shapes in different orientations Warm up:
https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/supermovers/ks1-maths-number-bonds-with-martin-dougan/zf6cpg8 Input: What do we mean by the 'face' of a shape? What is the difference between a face and a curved surface? What real life objects have 6 faces like a cube? Does a cuboid always have 2 square faces and 4 rectangular faces? Which 2-D shapes can you see on different 3-D shapes? How can you make sure that you don't count the faces more than once? Task: Count faces on 3-D shapes. Resources to support remote learning: on Maths subject tab	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/supermovers/ks1-maths-telling-the-time/zk4t8xs Input: What is a side? How can you check that you have counted all the sides? Do all four-sided shapes look the same? Why do you think the shapes have the names that they do? Task: What do we mean by the 'edge' of a shape? How can you make sure that you don't count the edges more than once? What do you notice about the shapes with edges? Resources to support remote learning: on Maths subject tab	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/supermovers/ks1-maths-counting-with-john-farnworth/zbct8xs Input: What is the difference between vertex and vertices? How can you make sure that you don't count the vertices more than once? How many edges meet to make a vertex on a 3-D shape? How many sides meet to make a vertex on a 2-D shape? Task: Count vertices on 3-D shapes. Resources to support remote learning: on Maths subject tab	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/supermovers/ks1-maths-multiplication-and-division-with-clara-the-hen/zbt9scw Input: How have you sorted your shapes? How do you know you have sorted your shapes correctly? Which method have you used to sort your shapes? Can you sort your shapes in a different way? Can your friend guess how you have sorted them? Can you group your solids by shape, type of faces and size? Task: Sort 3-D shapes. Resources to support remote learning: on Maths subject tab	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/supermovers/ks1-maths-seven-calculation-signs-with-wendy-wolf/zv32cqt Input: Where is the vertical line of symmetry? What does vertical mean? Which is the odd shape out? How do you know? What resources could you use to check if a shape has a vertical line of symmetry? Task: Make patterns with 3-D shapes. Resources to support remote learning: on Maths subject tab
Religious Education LI: To retell the Easter story using different story telling techniques. Knowledge & Skills Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter and make a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people). Task: Use interesting storytelling techniques such as drama and godly play for the learning:	Physical Education LI: Explore balances and link with a travelling movement. Knowledge & Skills I can hold my body on different body parts with control. I can perform balances with control. I can link balances smoothly to a travel movement. Task: Use the body parts cards to challenge yourself to balance on different parts Palence had a Control of the contro	LI: Design and make art to express ideas Knowledge & Skills • Know that natural forms are objects found in nature and include flowers, pine cones, feathers, stones, insects, birds and crystals. • Make transient art and pattern work using a range of natural materials. Task: Press garden or wild flowers between the pages of an old book and weigh	 I can make observations over time. I can plant seeds and bulbs. I can describe what a seed needs to germinate. Task: First, we will learn that seeds and bulbs need nutrients from soil, water Resources to support remote learning:	Wider Curriculum LI: Draw and read a range of simple maps that use symbols as a key. Knowledge & Skills I can recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. I can draw a simple map. I can use symbols and a key. Task: Take a walk round your local area. Look at the plants and flowers that are https://www.bbc.co
children to retell the Easter story. https://www.bbc.co .uk/teach/class- clips- video/religious- studies-ks1-the- christian-story-of- easter/zhgv47h Reading with an adult	of your body. Can you perform high and low balances? Next choose two balances to include in a sequence. Can you link these balances together using a travel movement from our last lesson? Reading with an adult	down, leaving in a warm, dry place to dry out. Laminate pressed flowers when dry to create a bookmark or tag. Write a simple explanation or set of instructions on how they did it. Reading with an adult	and warmth to start growing. Then you will plant broad bean seeds in soil and water. Observe how the plant grows. Soil or cotton wool • Small plastic container	growing and take pictures or make a list of what you see. Use google maps to help create your own map of your local area and draw a line to show your walk. Lips-video/geography-ks1ks2-maps/zdwhpg8 https://www.google.com/maps com/maps https://www.google.com/maps com/maps com/maps